Allergy Practice Name Address Phone Number

PENICILLIN SKIN TEST RECORDING FORM

Patient Name:	Date of birth://	
Patient History of PCN or other beta lactam allergy:		
		
Last use of antihistamine (or other med affecting response to histamine takendays ago): Medication:was	
Skin Test Instructions:		
a) Obtain patient consent and record vitalsb) In quick sequence, apply prick skin tests with penicillin reagents plus	positive and negative controls; read 15	
minutes after placement c) If prick skin test is negative or equivocal, apply ID test, (0.02 to 0.03 m saline and histamine control; read 15 minutes after placement	L) to raise a 2-3 mm bleb along with	

VITALS: BP: Pulse: Resp:

Date:

LOT#	PRODUCT	PRICK Wheal	Flare	ID#1 Wheal	Flare	Results (Pos/Neg/E quiv)
	PrePen® [PPL] (undiluted) 6 x 10 ⁻⁵ M					
	Penicillin G (10,000 U/ml)					
	Ampicillin 20 mg/mL					
	Diluent Control					
	Histamine Control **					

^{**} Percutaneous Histamine Control= 10 mg/ml histamine dihydrochloride (Histamine base 6 mg/ml)
Intradermal Histamine Control= 0.275 mg/ml histamine phosphate (Histamine base 0.1 mg/ml)

Criteria for positive prick skin test: ≥ 3 mm wheal greater than diluent with erythema (flare)
Criteria for positive intradermal skin test: ≥ 3 mm wheal greater than diluent and with erythema (flare)

If skin test is negative, proceed with oral challenge to Amoxicillin **Oral Challenge Instructions:** a) Give 1/10 OR 1/4 of therapeutic dose of amoxicillin PO and monitor for signs and symptoms of a reaction for 30 minutes b) Give 9/10 OR 34 of therapeutic dose of amoxicillin PO and monitor for signs and symptoms of a reaction for 60 minutes (30 minutes) Note: For extremely severe reactions, consider 1/100, 1/10, and then full strength Time Vitals Dose of Amoxicillin **Symptoms** mg amoxicillin BP: Pulse: PO Resp: mg amoxicillin BP: PO Pulse: Resp: Reaction YES/NO If yes, describe: _____ Patient was negative on skin testing and oral challenge to PCN and may take PCN/Amoxicillin in the future Patient is allergic to PCN based upon skin testing or oral challenge and should avoid all types of PCN

From the ACAAI 2015 Drug Allergy and Anaphylaxis Committee

Note: Penicillin G and Ampicillin are both IV preparations